

Theoretical Exam - October 27, 2017

Marking scheme

Any other solution that leads to correct results will be duly marked

No. item	<i>Theoretical Problem No. 2 – Part A Sir Geoffrey I. Taylor</i>		Points
a.	For:		0.5p
	$R \sim t^\alpha \cdot E^\beta \cdot \rho^\gamma$	0.1p	
	$L = T^\alpha \cdot (M \cdot L^2 \cdot T^{-2})^\beta \cdot (M \cdot L^{-3})^\gamma$	0.1p	
	$\begin{cases} \alpha - 2\beta = 0 \\ 2\beta - 3\gamma = 1 \\ \beta + \gamma = 0 \end{cases}$	0.1p	
	$\alpha = \frac{2}{5} \quad \beta = \frac{1}{5} \quad \gamma = -\frac{1}{5}$	0.1p	
	$R \sim t^{\frac{2}{5}} \cdot \left(\frac{E}{\rho}\right)^{\frac{1}{5}}$	0.1p	
b.	For:		1.5p
	$C \cong 1 \quad R = t^{\frac{2}{5}} \cdot \left(\frac{E}{\rho}\right)^{\frac{1}{5}}$	0.1p	
	$\log R = \frac{2}{5} \cdot \log t + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \log \frac{E}{\rho}$	0.3p	
	$y = A \cdot x + B$, where $\begin{cases} y = \log R \\ x = \log t \\ A = \frac{2}{5} \\ B = \frac{1}{5} \log \frac{E}{\rho} \end{cases}$	0.2p	

	<table><tr><th colspan="4">Table 1</th></tr><tr><th>$t(s)$</th><th>$R(m)$</th><th>$\log t$</th><th>$\log R$</th></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>550</td><td>0.60</td><td>2.74</td></tr><tr><td>8</td><td>700</td><td>0.90</td><td>2.85</td></tr><tr><td>16</td><td>950</td><td>1.20</td><td>2.98</td></tr><tr><td>28</td><td>1250</td><td>1.45</td><td>3.10</td></tr><tr><td>46</td><td>1500</td><td>1.67</td><td>3.18</td></tr></table> <i>Note: Graf plot of $\log R = f(\log t)$ is optional</i>	Table 1				$t(s)$	$R(m)$	$\log t$	$\log R$	4	550	0.60	2.74	8	700	0.90	2.85	16	950	1.20	2.98	28	1250	1.45	3.10	46	1500	1.67	3.18	0.5p	
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	The line fitting for the datasets in Table 1 has the following values of the slope and interception. $\begin{cases} A = 0.42 \\ B = 2.48 \end{cases}$	0.2p																													
	estimation of the amount of energy released at the atomic bomb explosion for which the images in Figure 1 $E \approx 3 \cdot 10^{12} J$	0.2p																													
TOTAL SCORE: Theoretical Problem No. 2 – Part A			2.0p																												

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